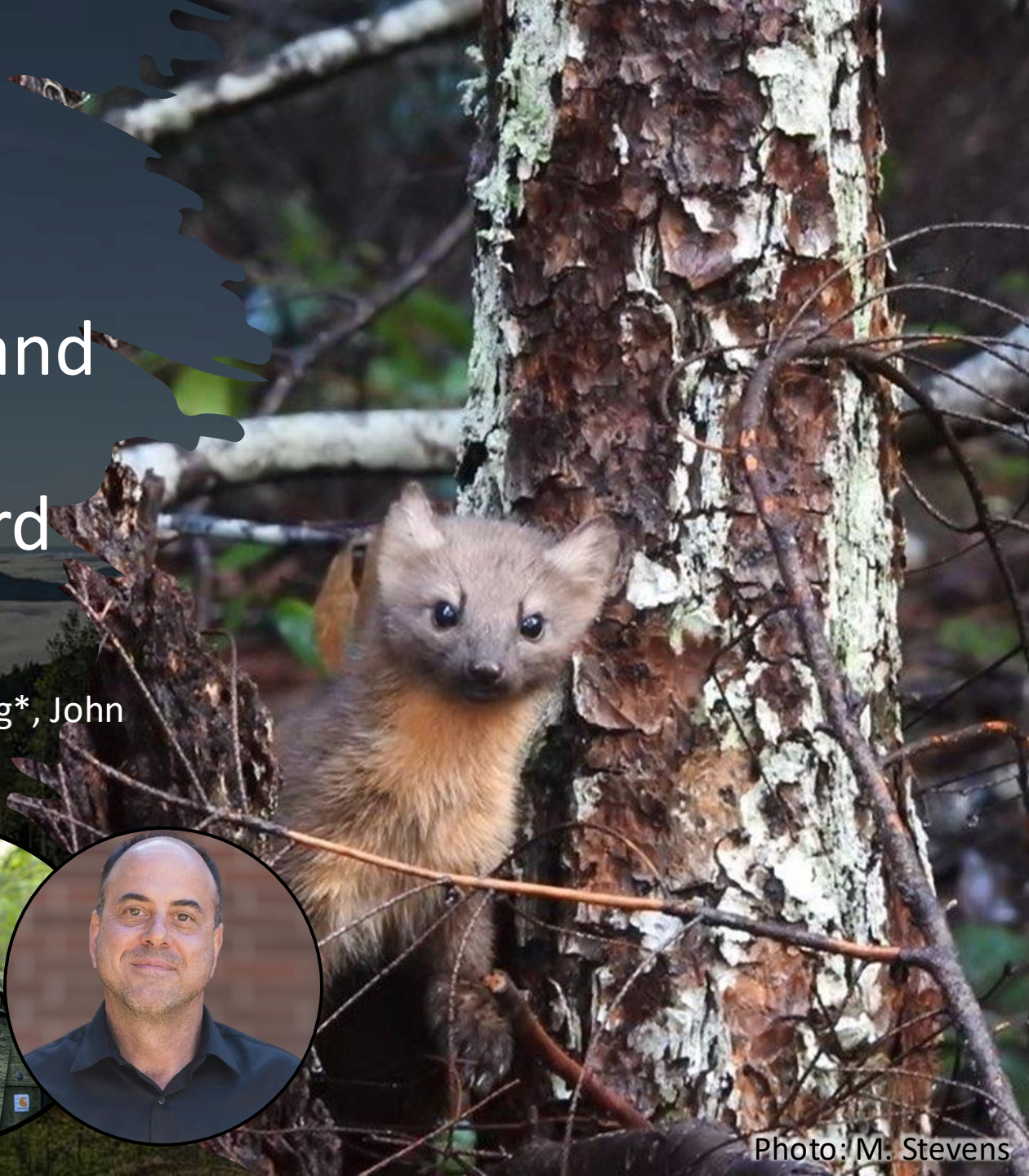
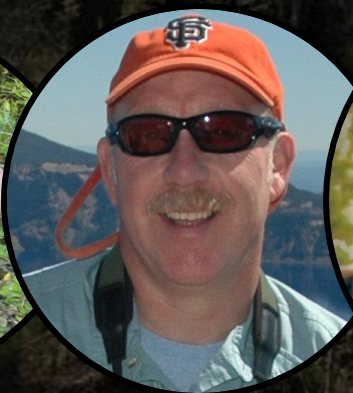


Balancing fuel considerations and rare carnivore habitat: an evaluation of risk and reward

EMC update 16 June 2025

Jessica K. Buskirk, David Lamphear*, Holly Munro, Josh Twining*, John Bailey, and Katie M. Moriarty



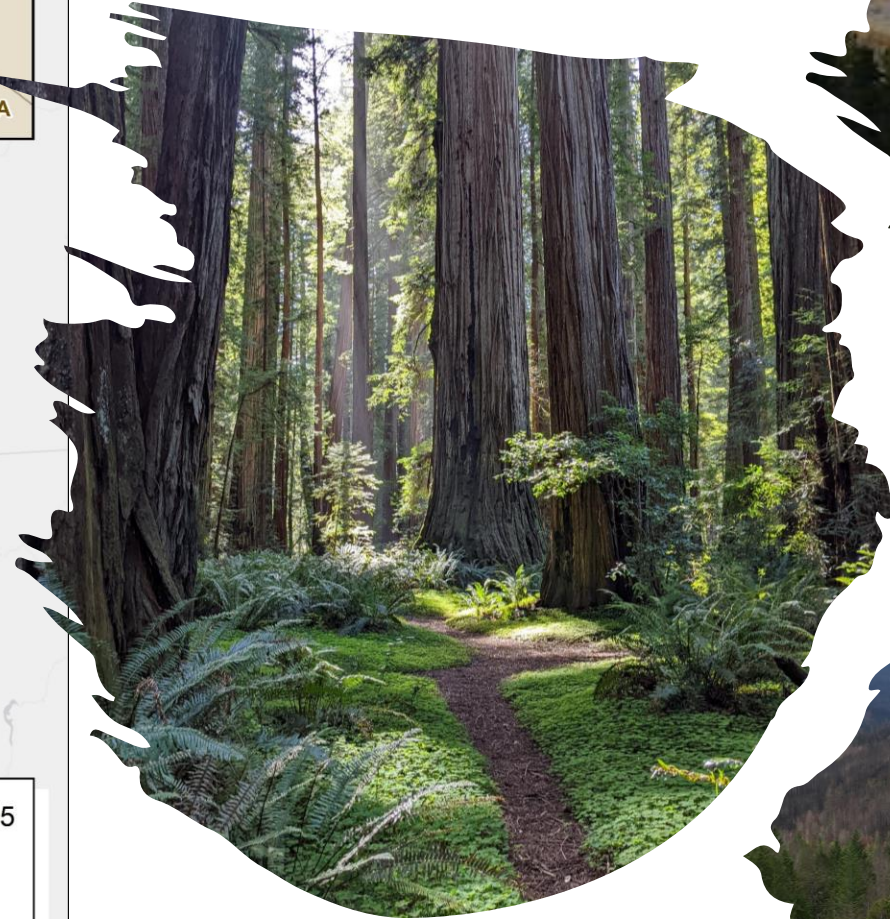
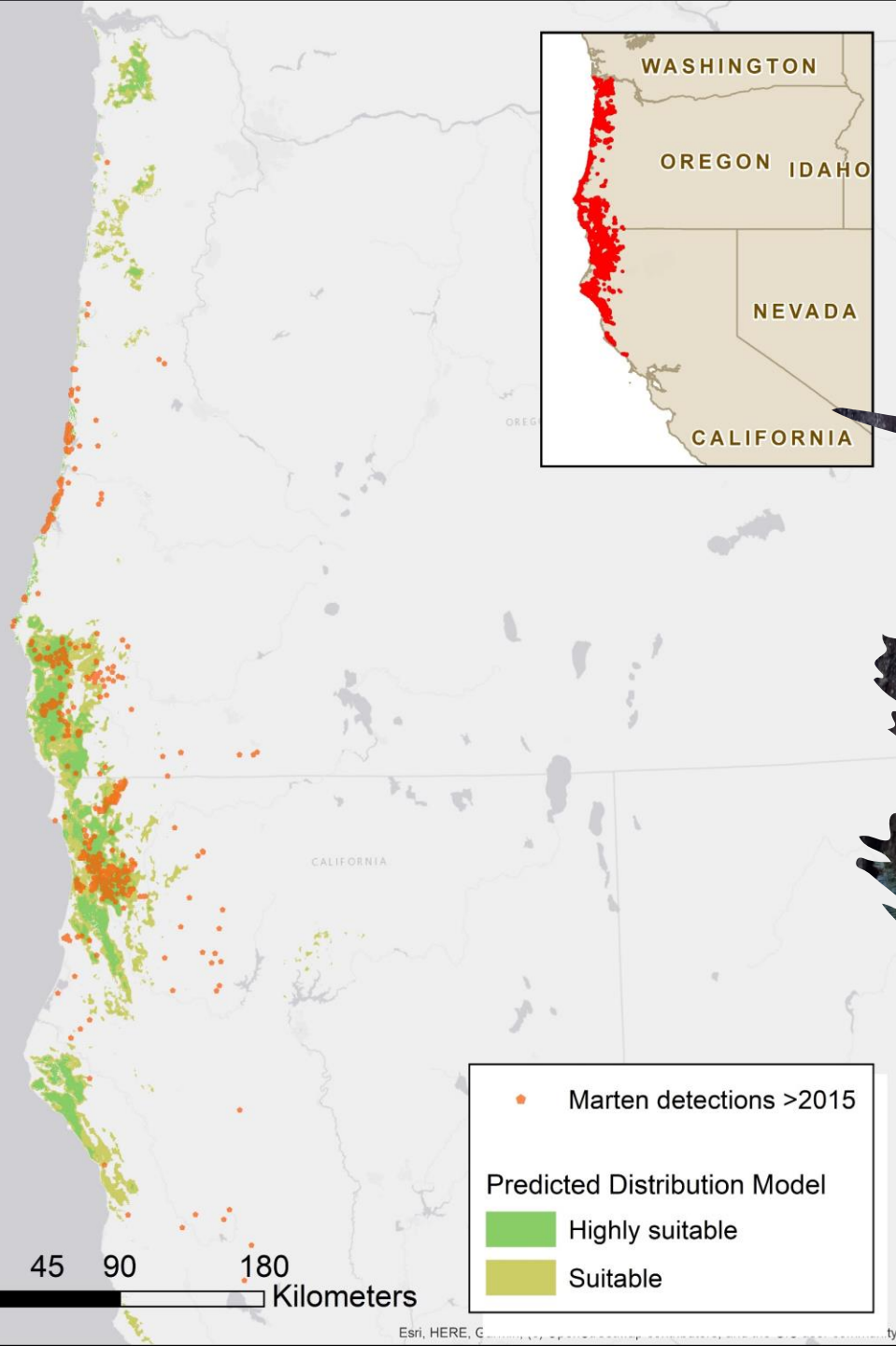


**Update: Humboldt marten
vegetation data collection on Green
Diamond**

**Bonus 1: is it possible to identify
shrub characteristics through LiDAR?**

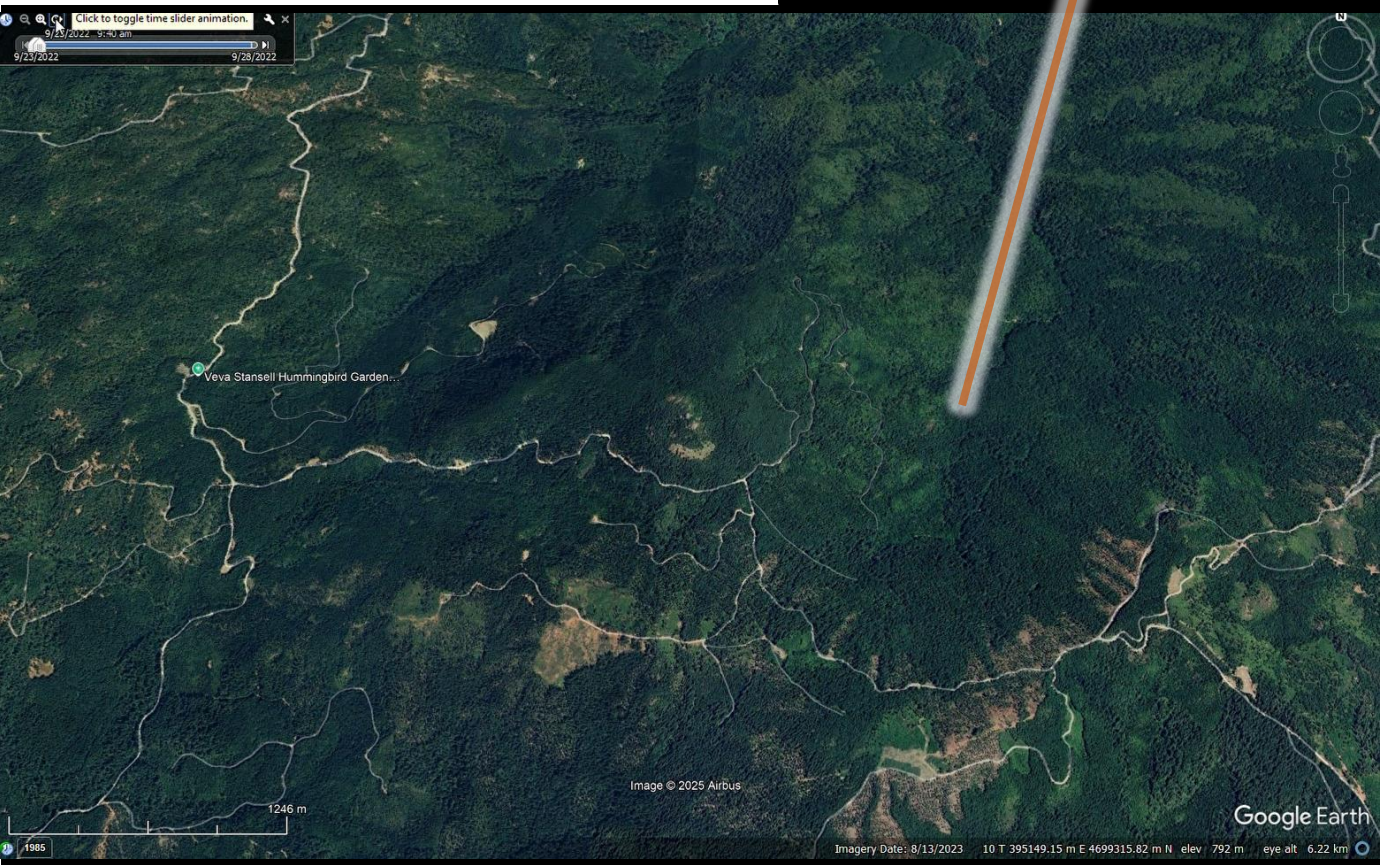
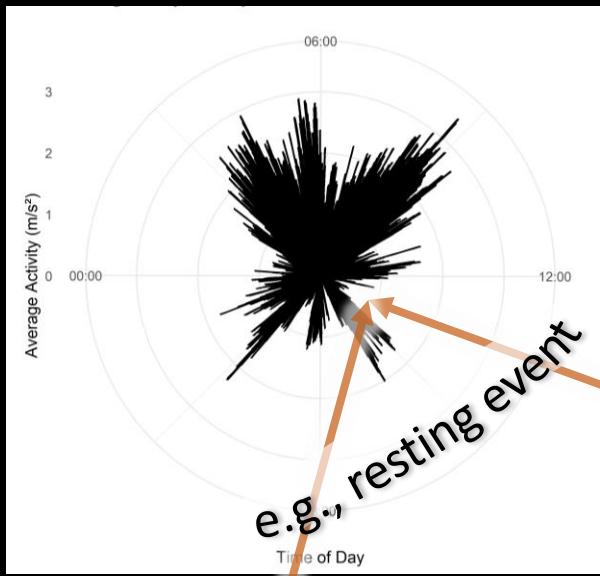
**Bonus 2: can we use new technology
to evaluate fisher use of slash piles?**

The Humboldt marten (*Martes caurina humboldtensis*)



Resting areas must provide...

- Safety from predators
- Thermal refuge



Finding these areas is hard!!

- Expensive
- Invasive

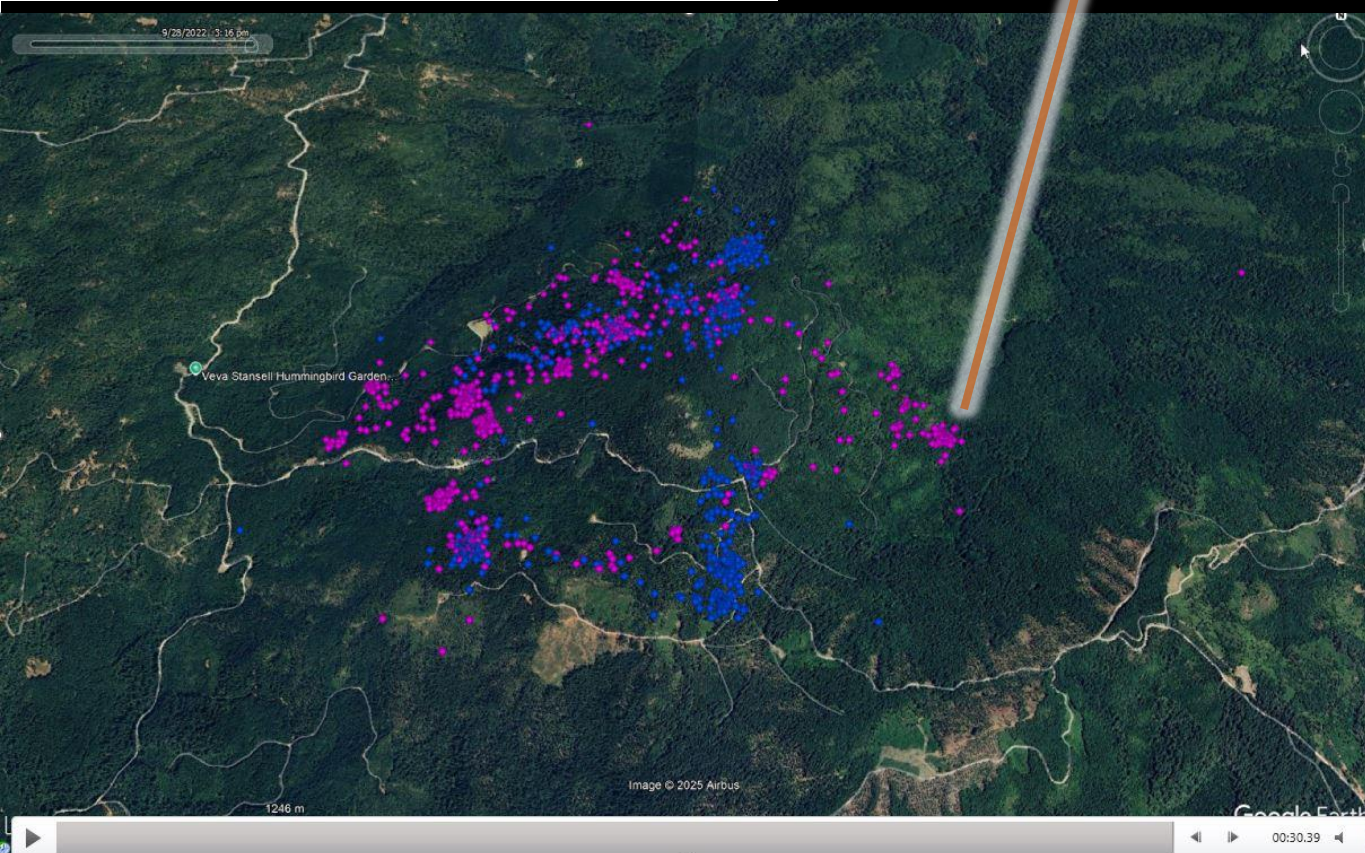
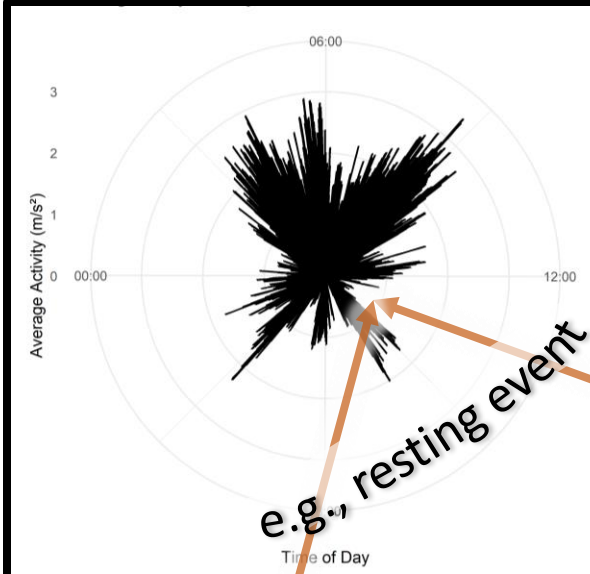


Photo: M. Stevens



Northern CA,
Yurok*



Southern OR,
National Forest

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Revised: 18 January 2023

Accepted: 24 January 2023

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RESEARCH ARTICLE



Structural complexity characterizes fine-scale forest conditions used by Pacific martens

Matthew S. Delheimer¹  | Katie M. Moriarty²  |
Holly L. Munro³  | Desiree A. Early⁴ | Keith A. Hamm⁴  |
Rebecca E. Green⁵



Aimed to address marten vegetation knowledge gap on private California forests by...

- Identifying marten resting areas
- Measuring vegetation conditions at used & random locations



- Spatial GPS collar clusters

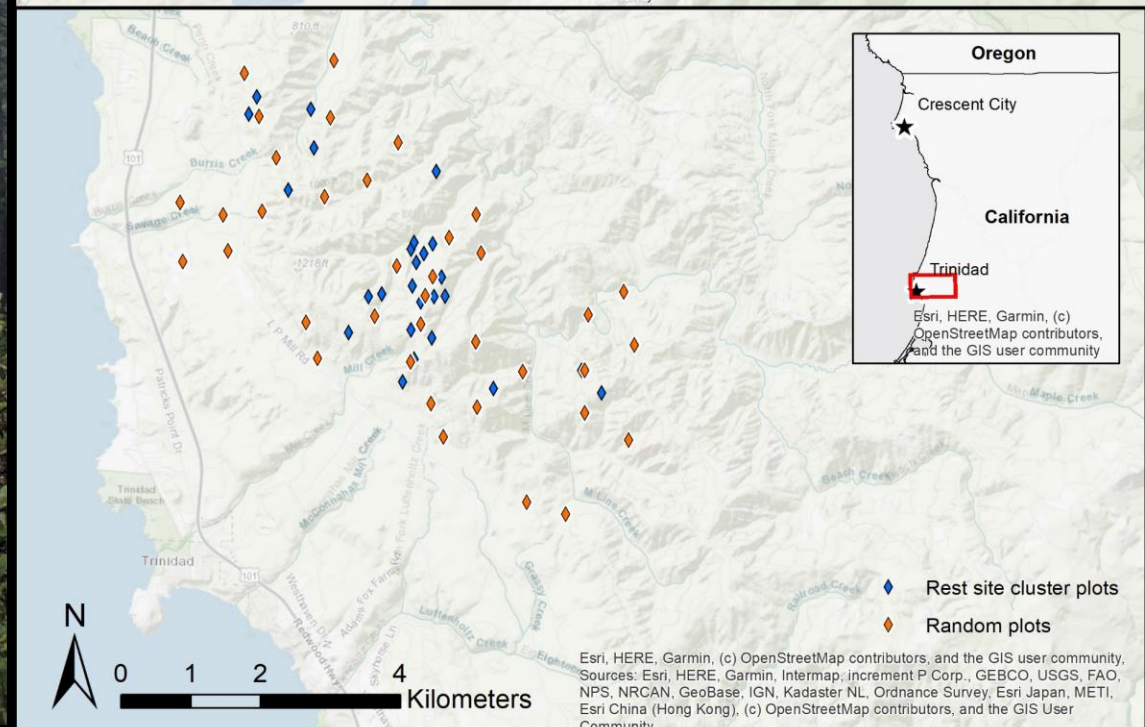
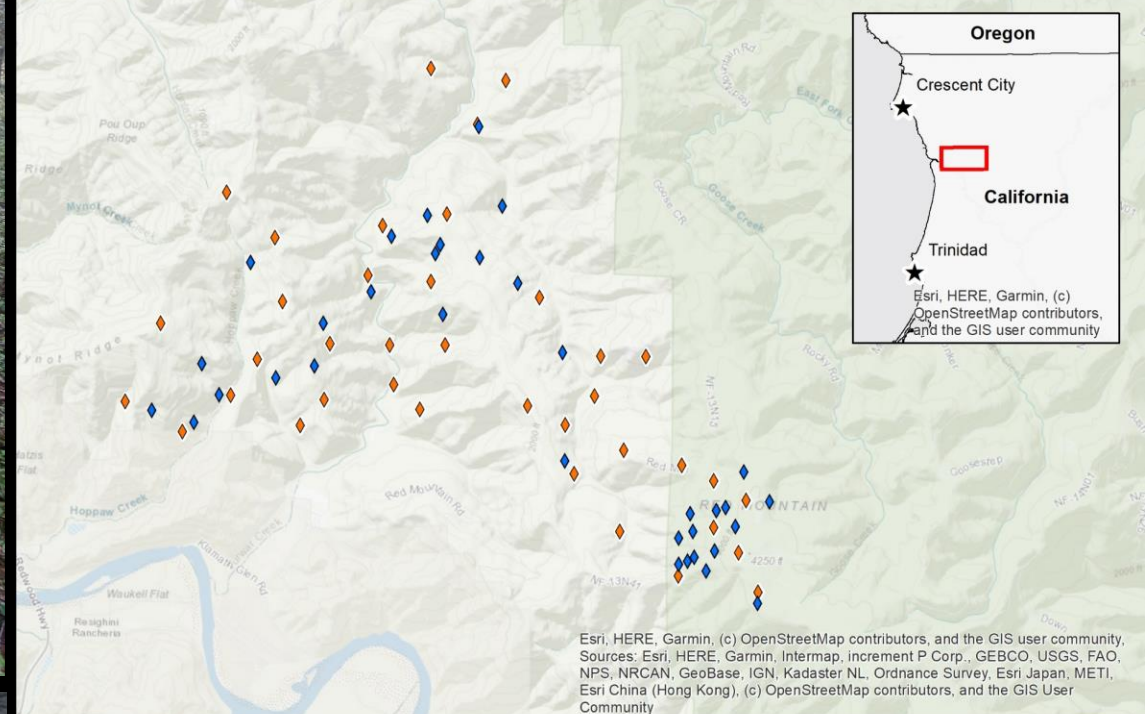
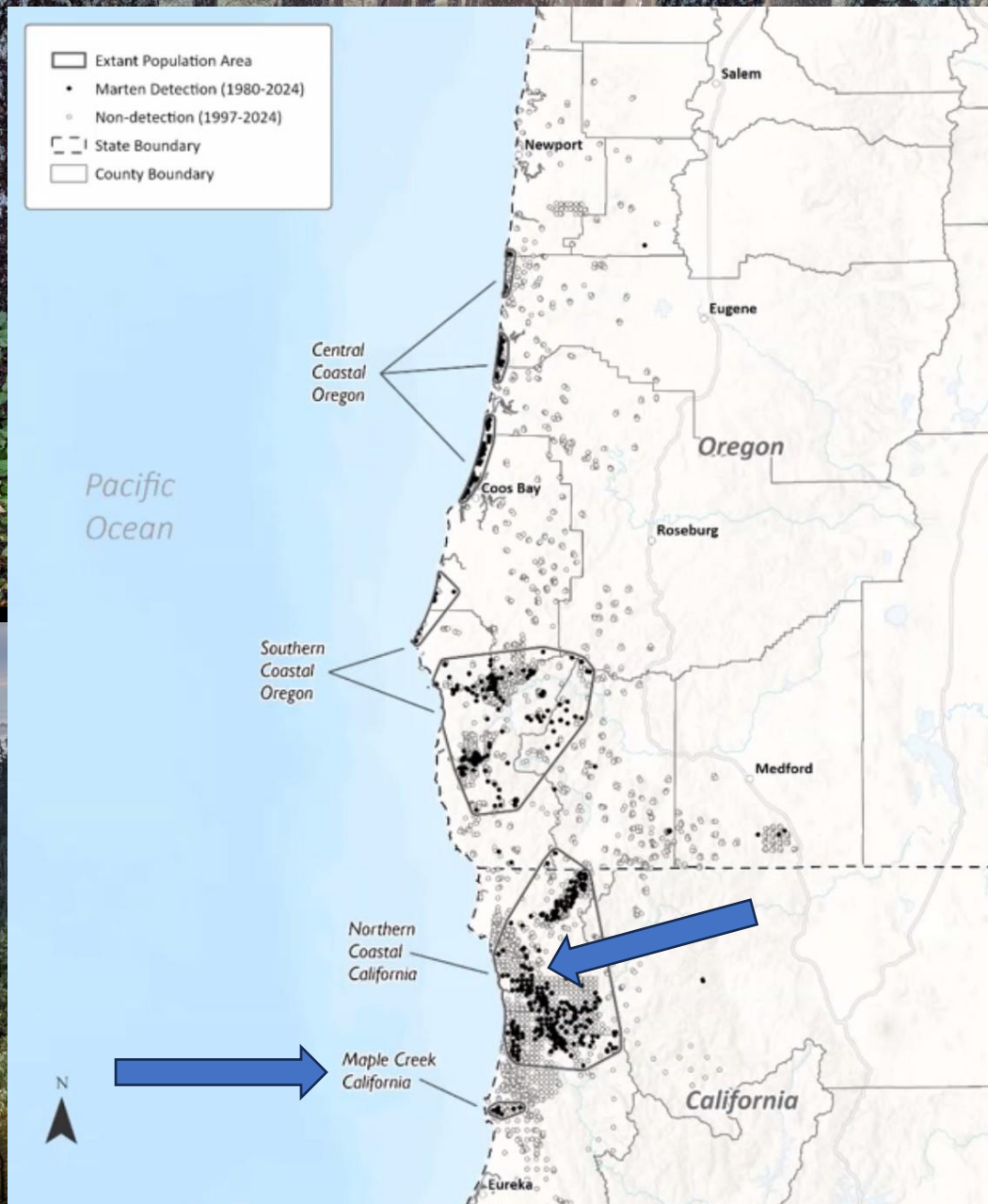


- Telemetry

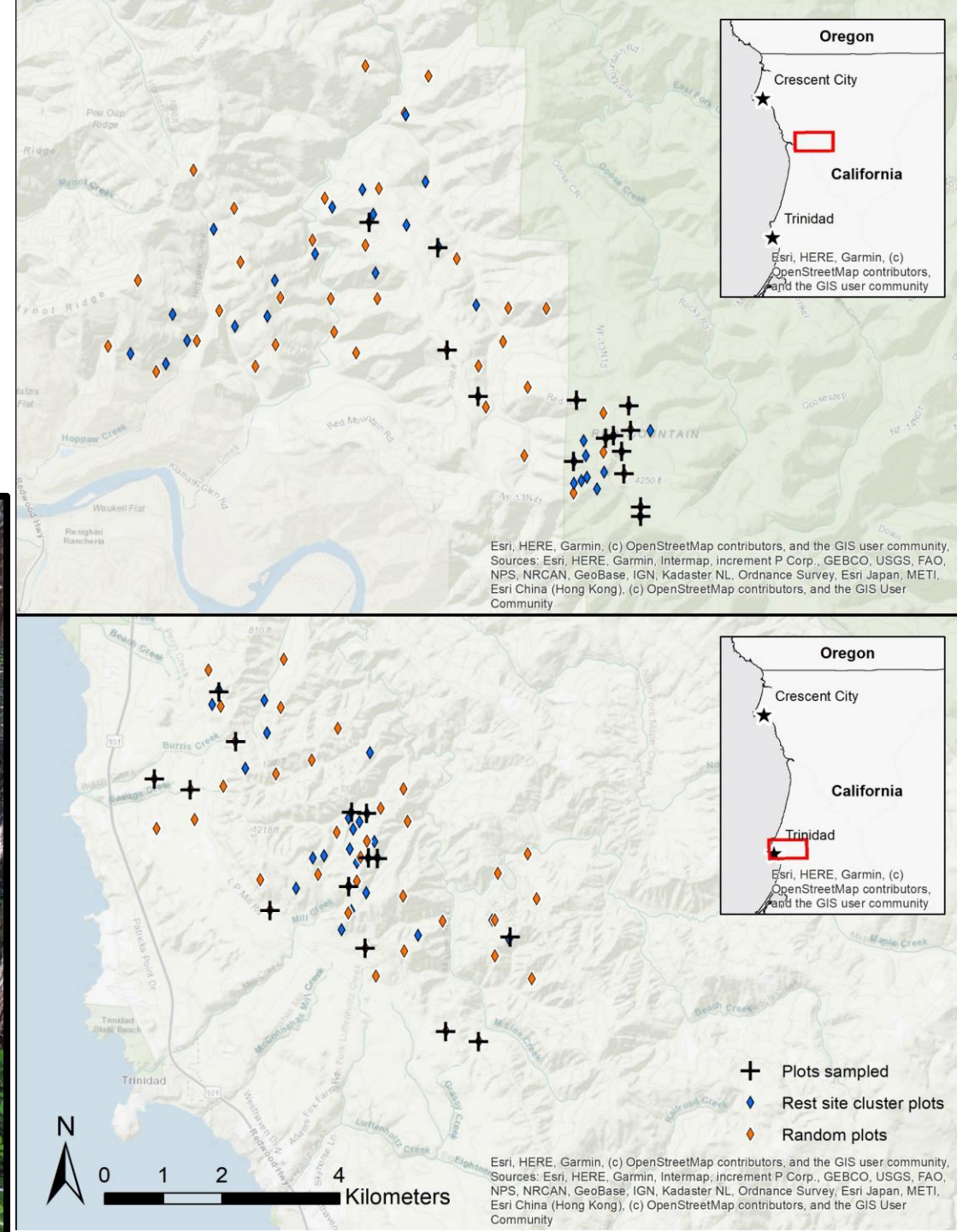


- GPS collared 9 martens
- Identified 60 spatial GPS clusters
- With new design, identified 60 stratified random locations





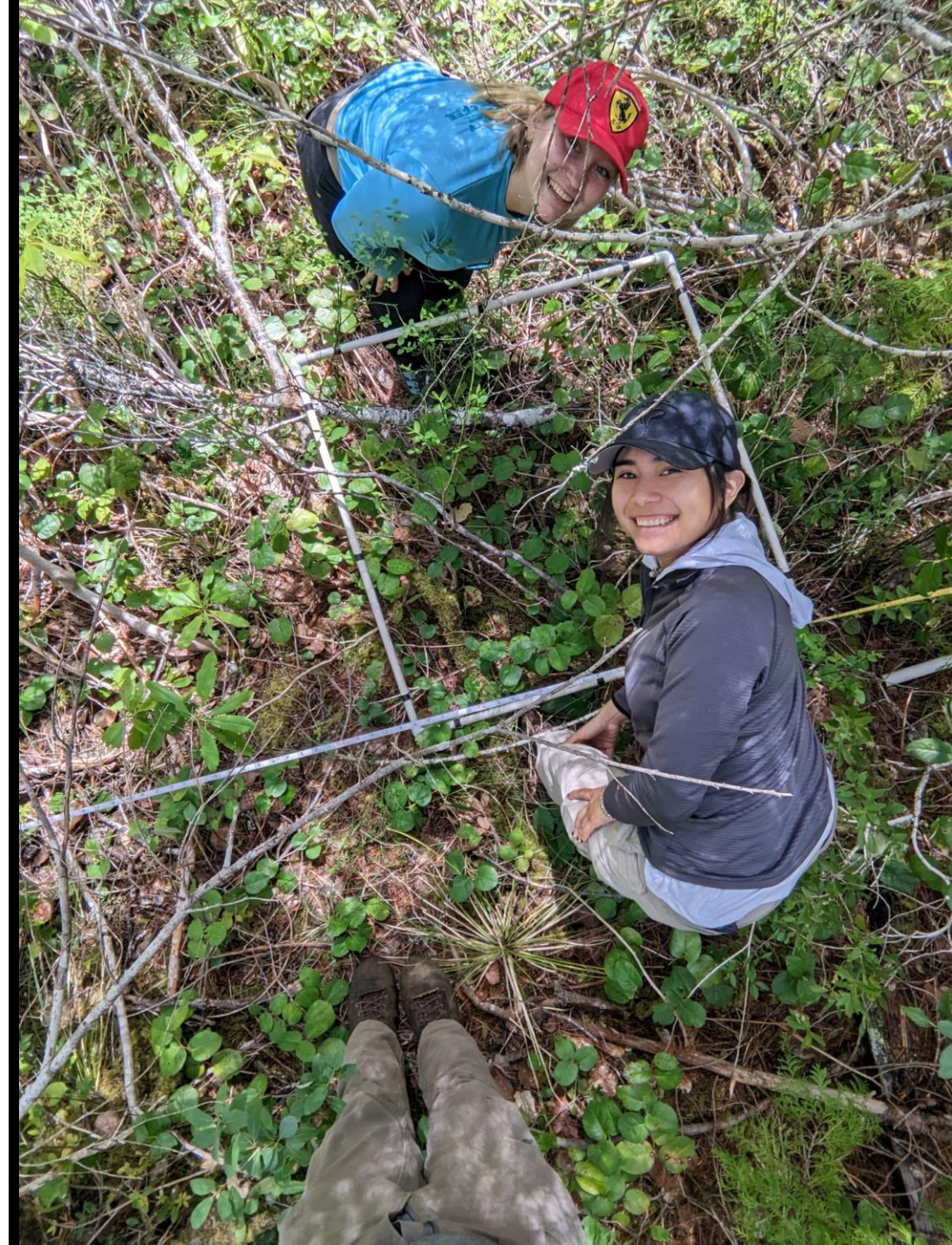
Collected vegetation data at 16 used
and 13 random plots
Crew started June 10, 2025!



*Collecting 40 vegetation metrics,
including...*

Plot metrics

- basal area (m^2/ha)
- # live trees & snags
- % shrub cover
- visual obstruction (horizontal cover)
- large material
 - Logs and stumps
 - Slash and rock piles





How do I reduce fuel loads while
maintaining marten resting habitat
conditions here?

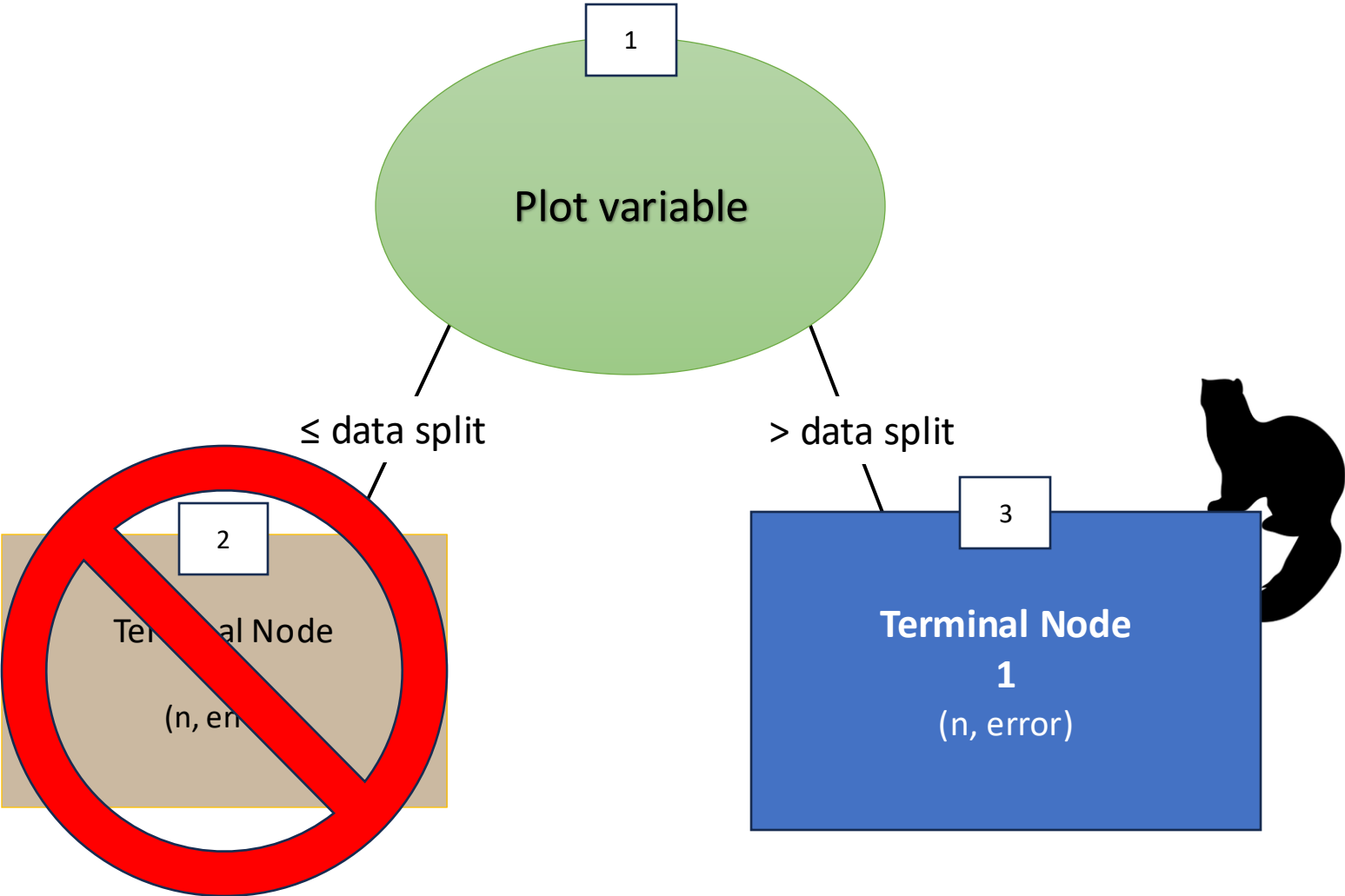


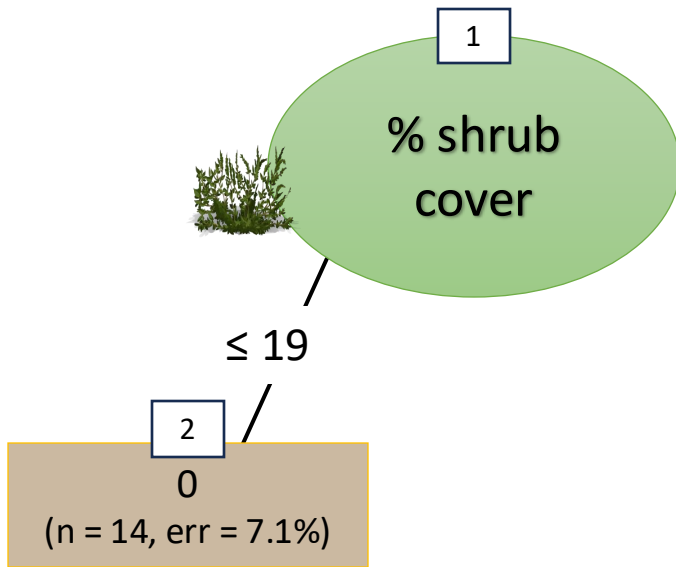


One example from Southern Oregon data

Building decision trees using:

- Plot level vegetation data
- Boosted C5.0 algorithm via recursive partitioning

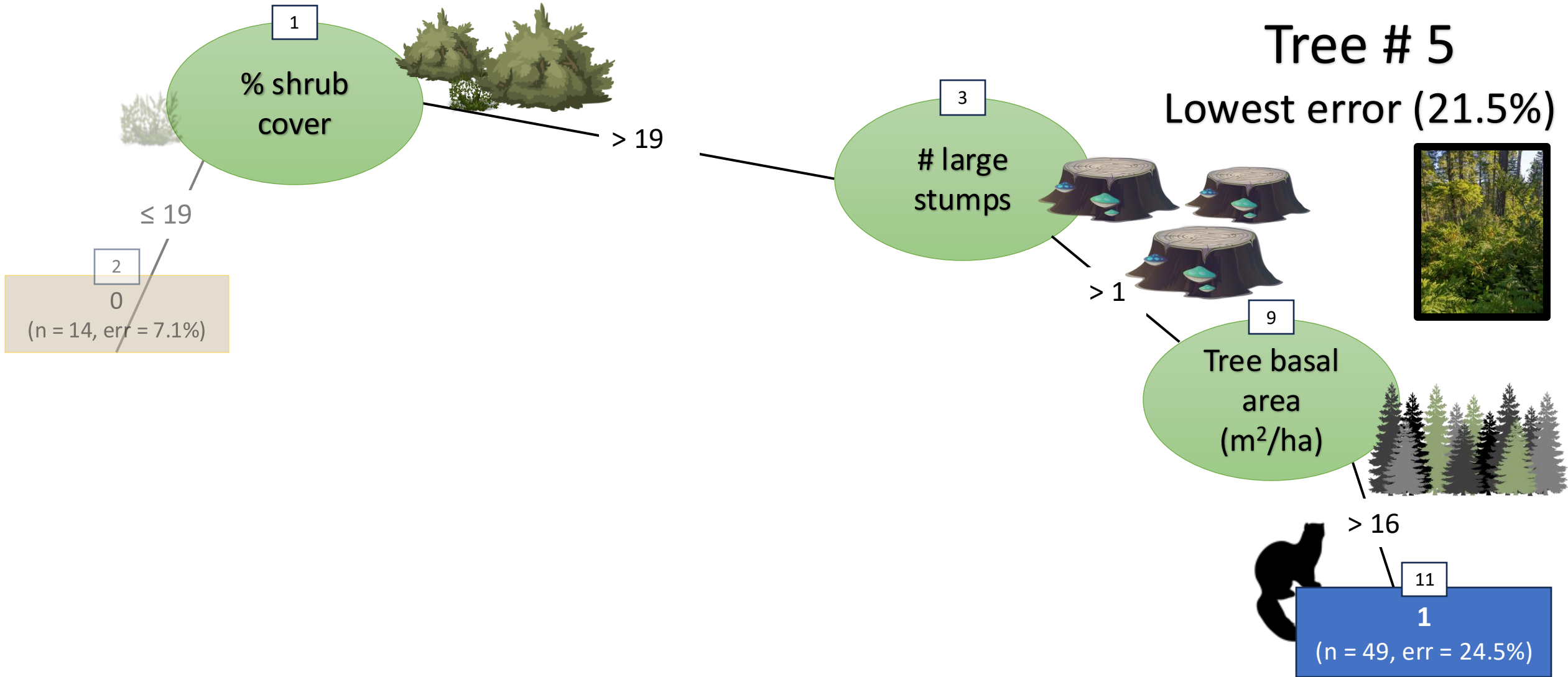


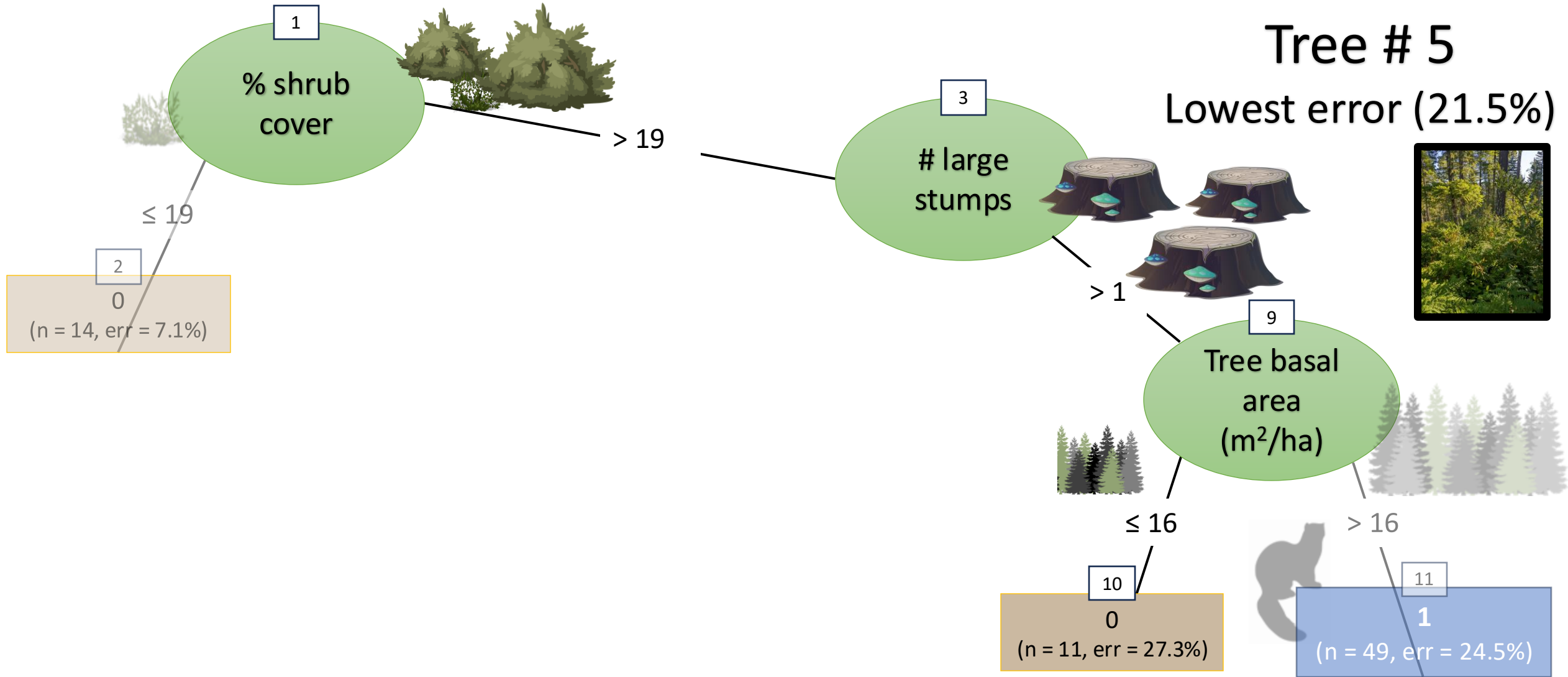


Tree # 5

Lowest error (21.5%)

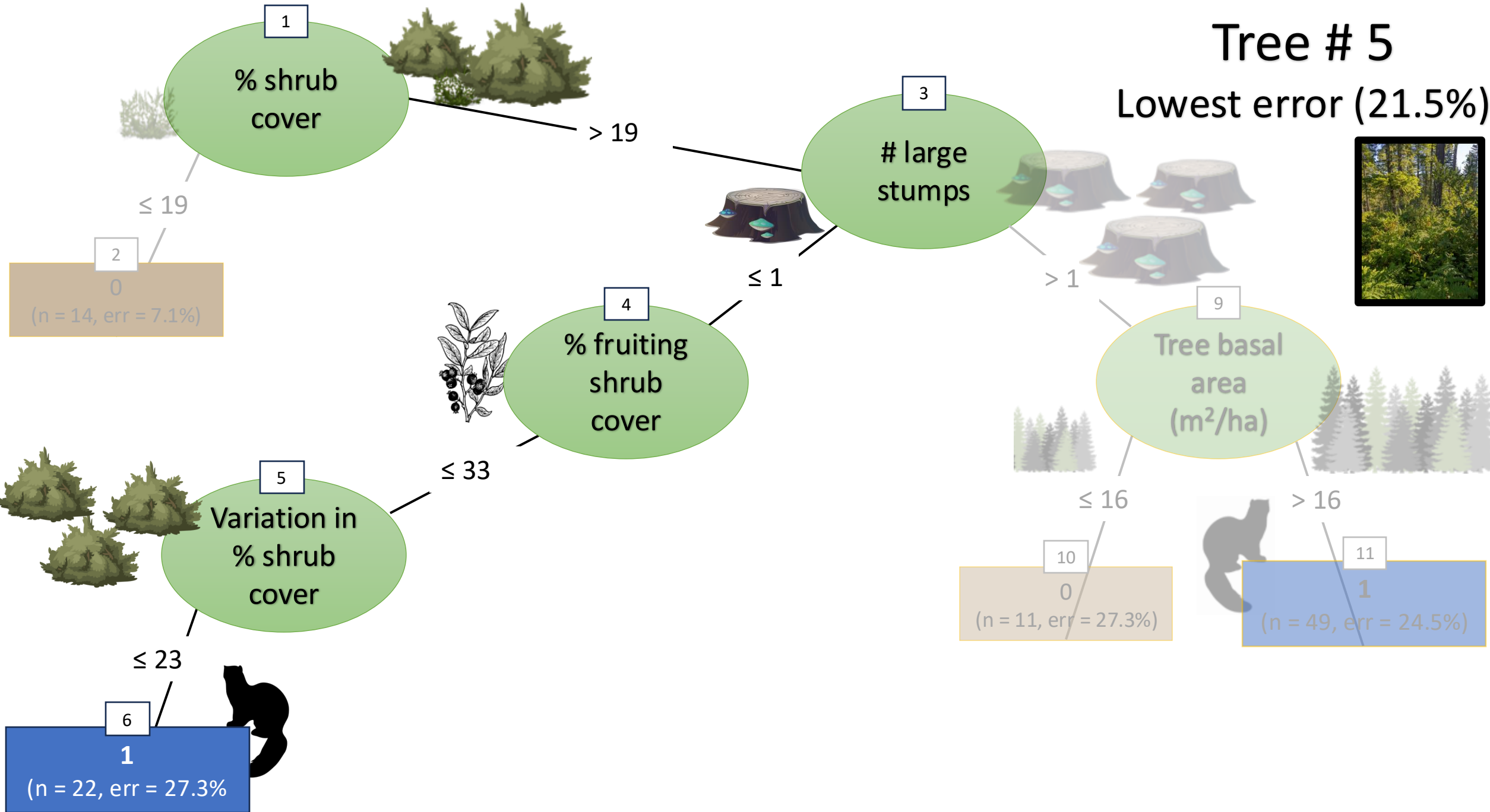






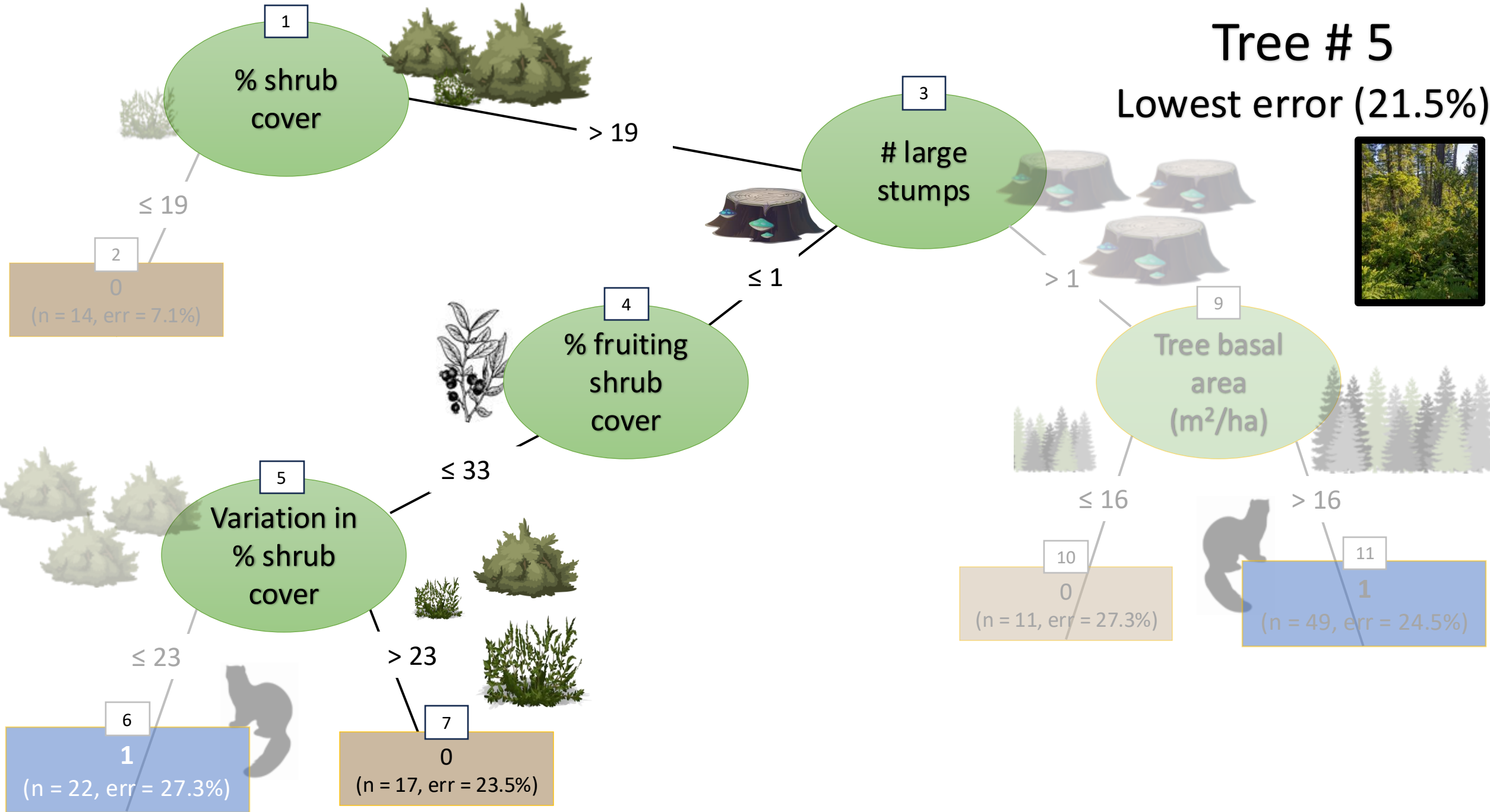
Tree # 5

Lowest error (21.5%)



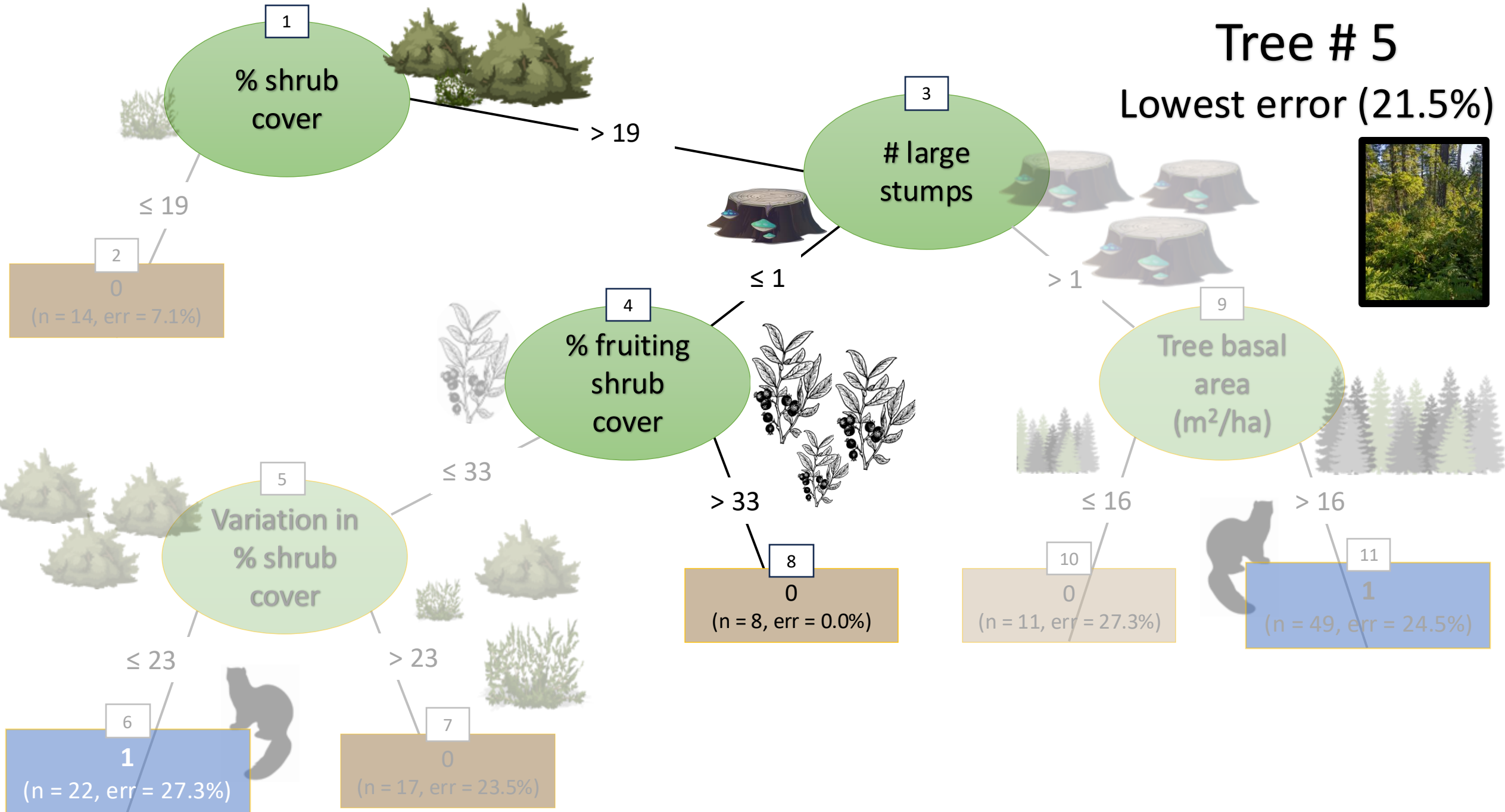
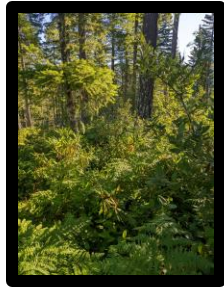
Tree # 5

Lowest error (21.5%)



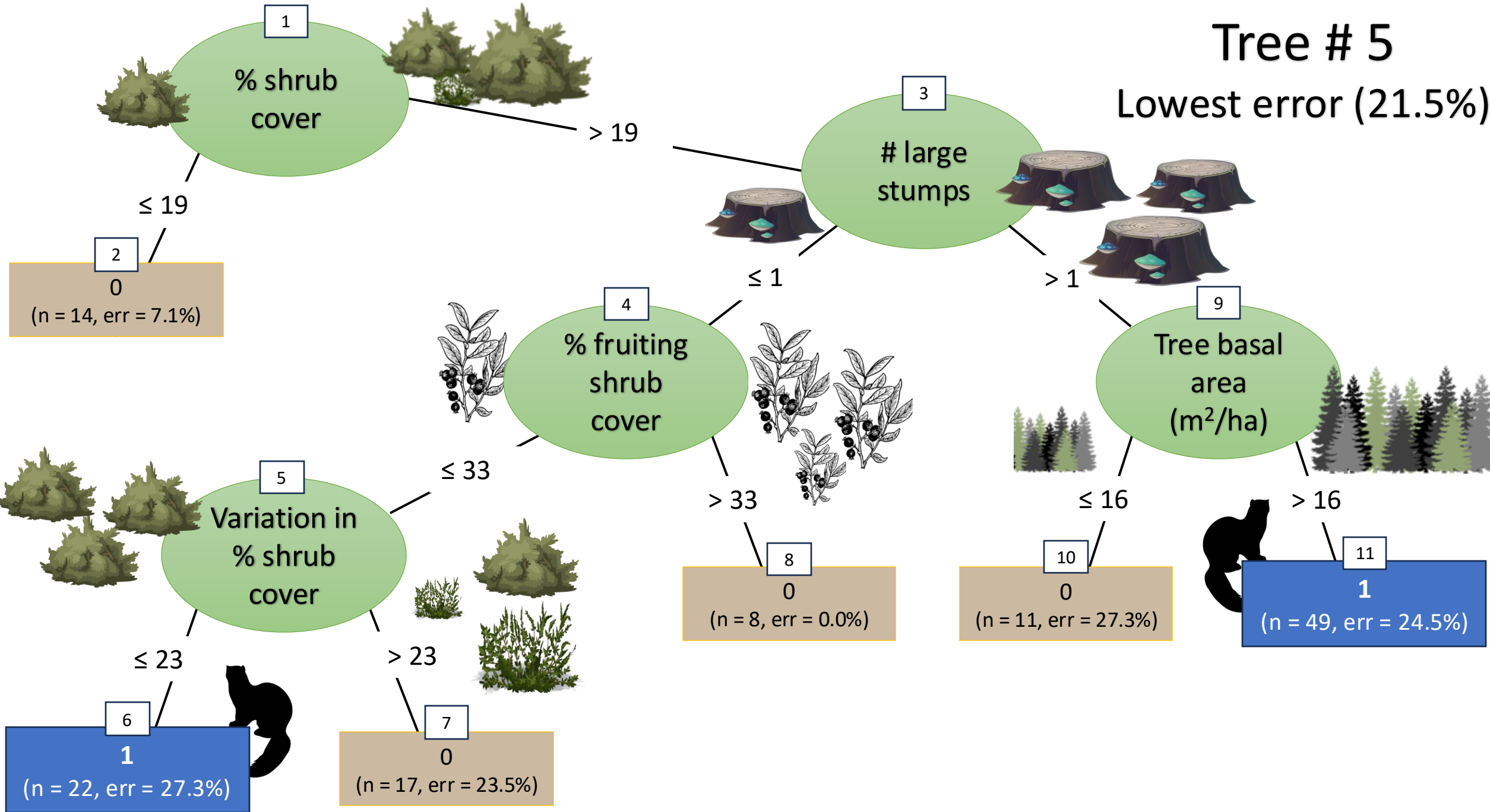
Tree # 5

Lowest error (21.5%)



Tree # 5

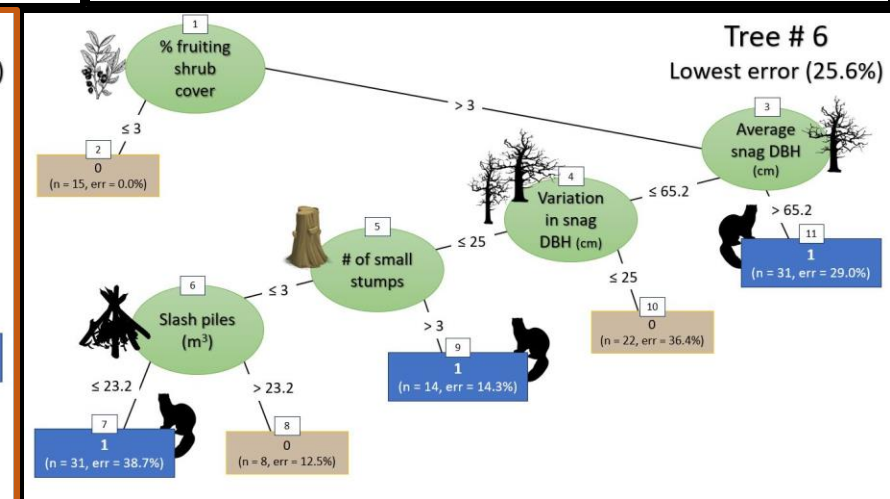
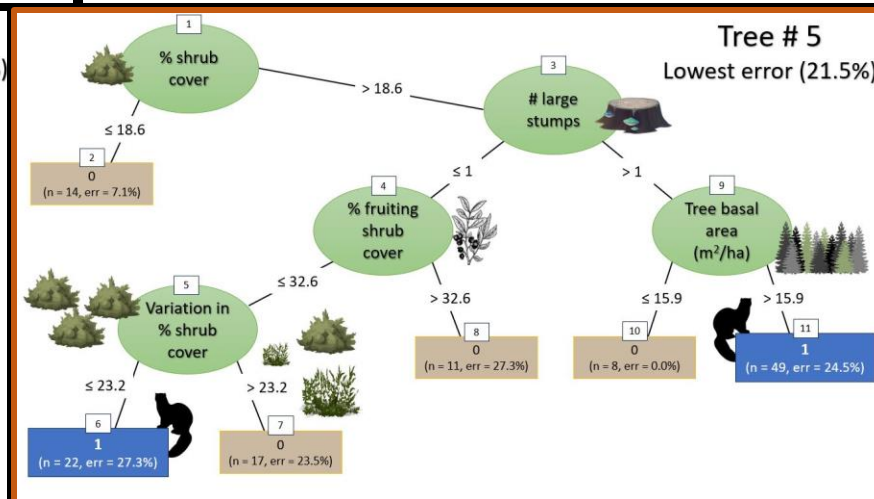
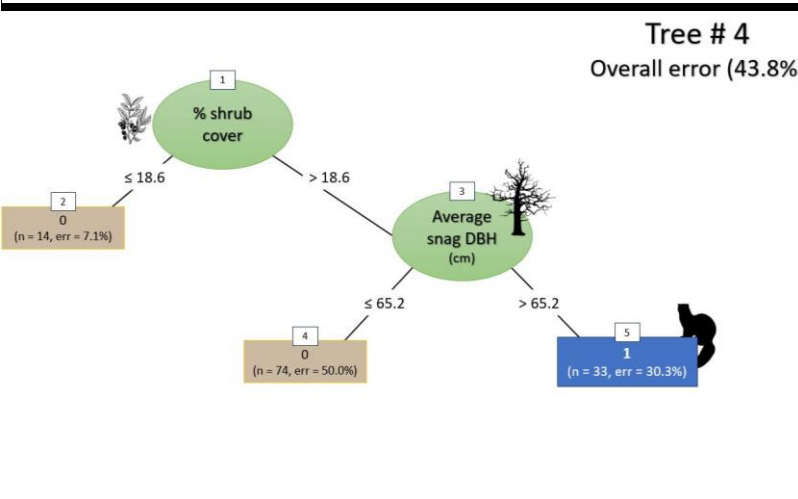
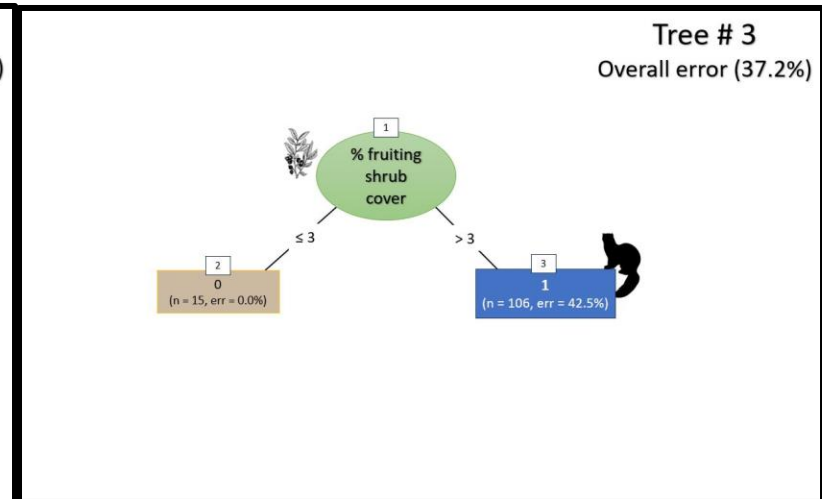
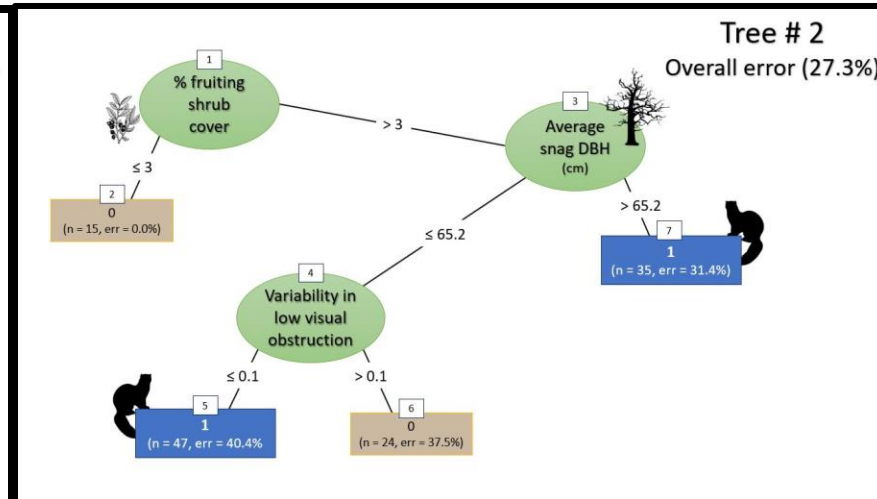
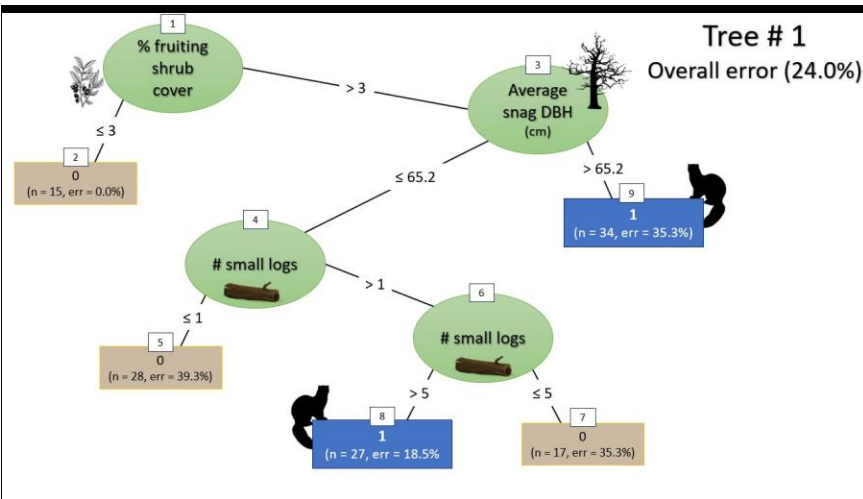
Lowest error (21.5%)



Example from Southern Oregon

Retained 22/40 variables for final modeling

11/22 variables appeared in 6 final trees



Southern Oregon marten resting conditions:*

>18.6% shrub cover



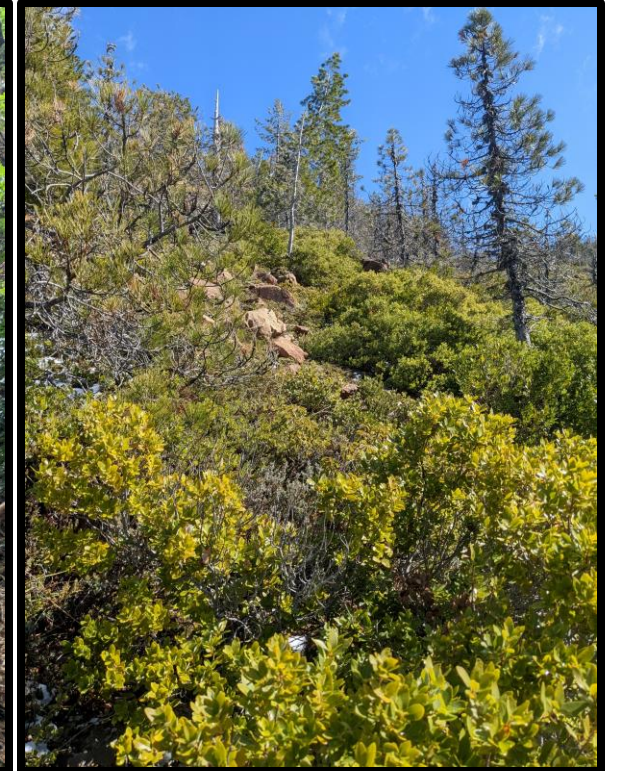
>3% fruiting shrub cover



>65.2 cm DBH snags

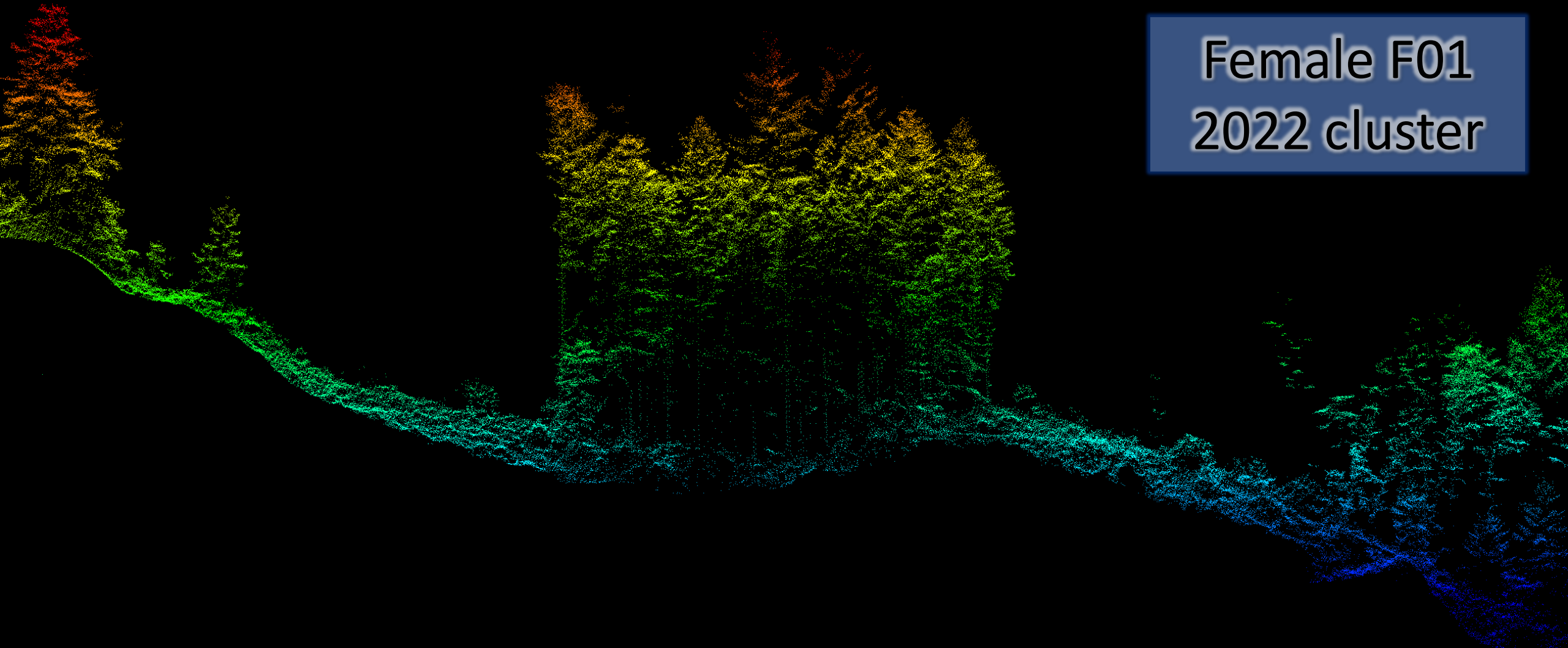


*when used in context of decision trees

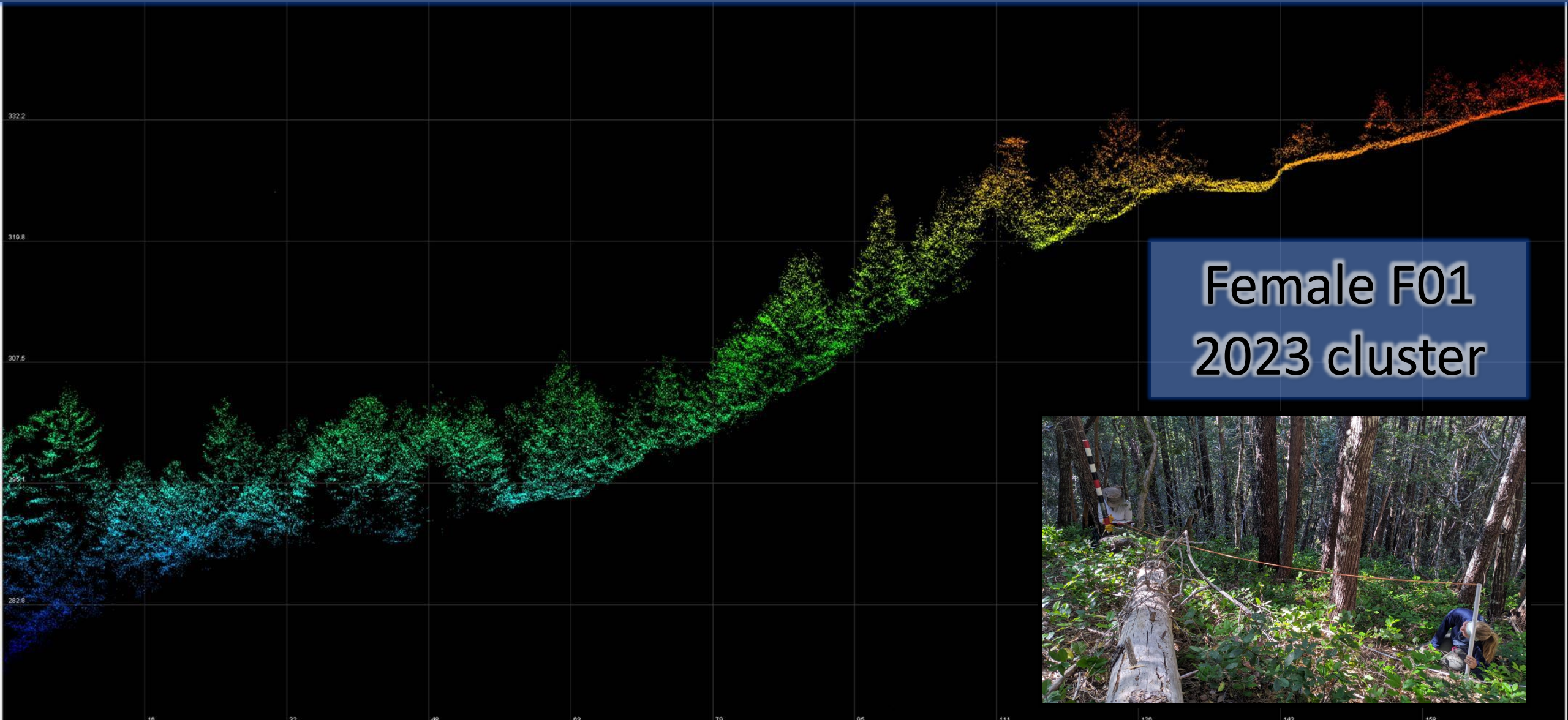


Bonus 1: Using detailed field-based plot measurements to calibrate LiDAR

Female F01
2022 cluster

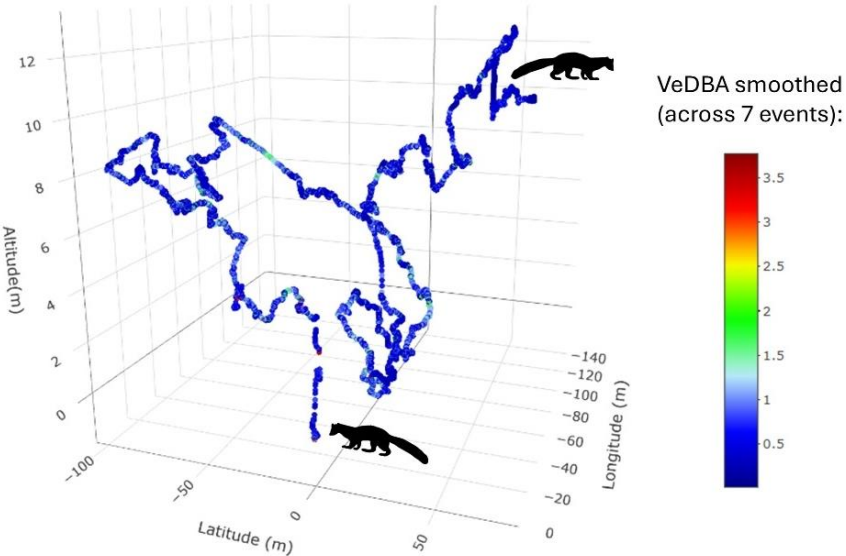


Bonus 1: Using detailed field-based plot measurements to calibrate LiDAR





Bonus 2: Can new technology elucidate fisher use of slash piles?



Swansea
University
Prifysgol
Abertawe



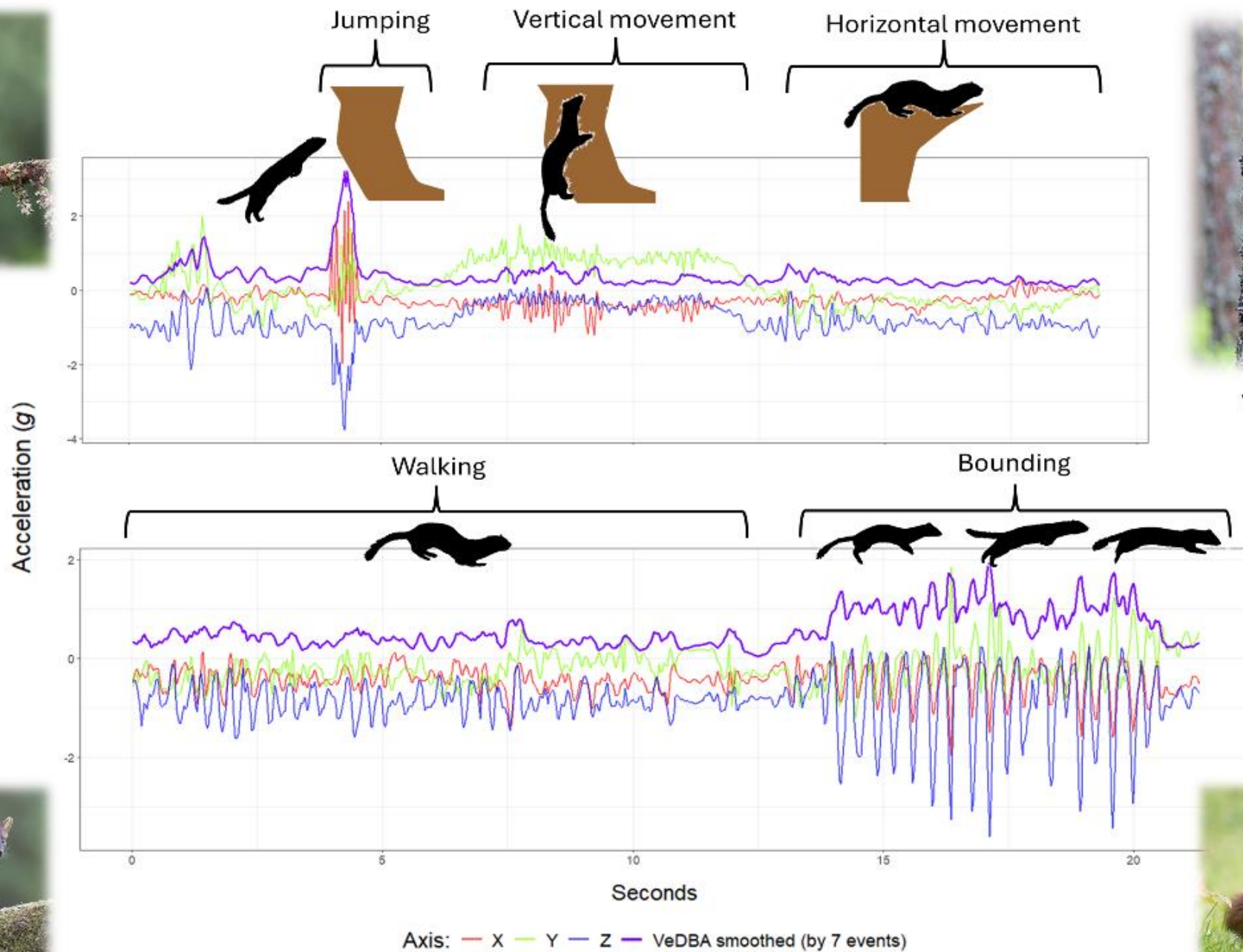
Oregon State
University



Jumping



Vertical movement

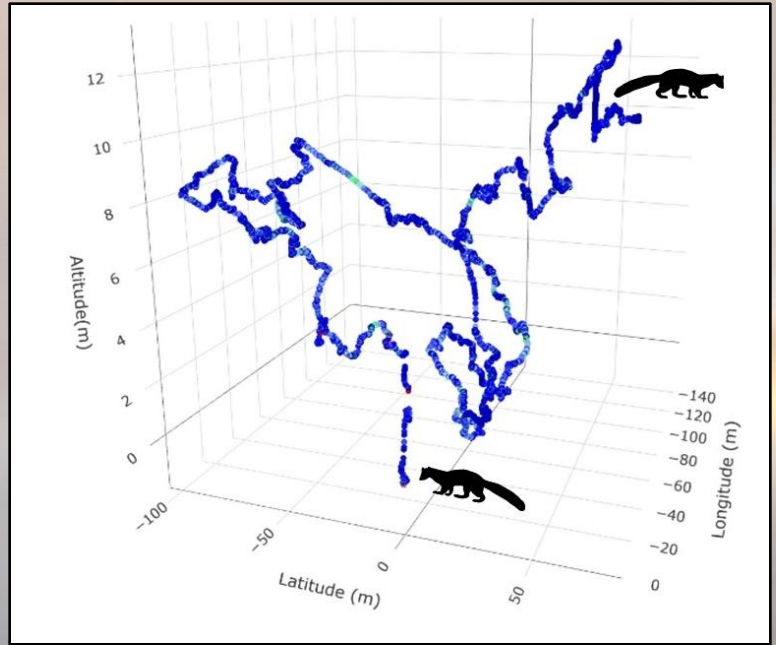
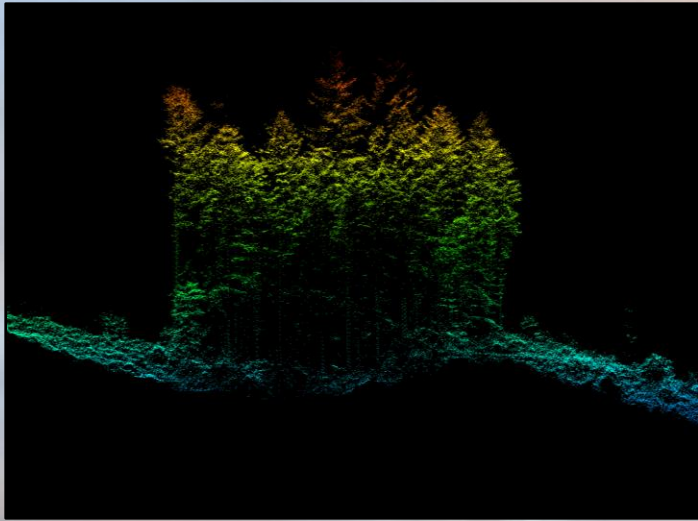
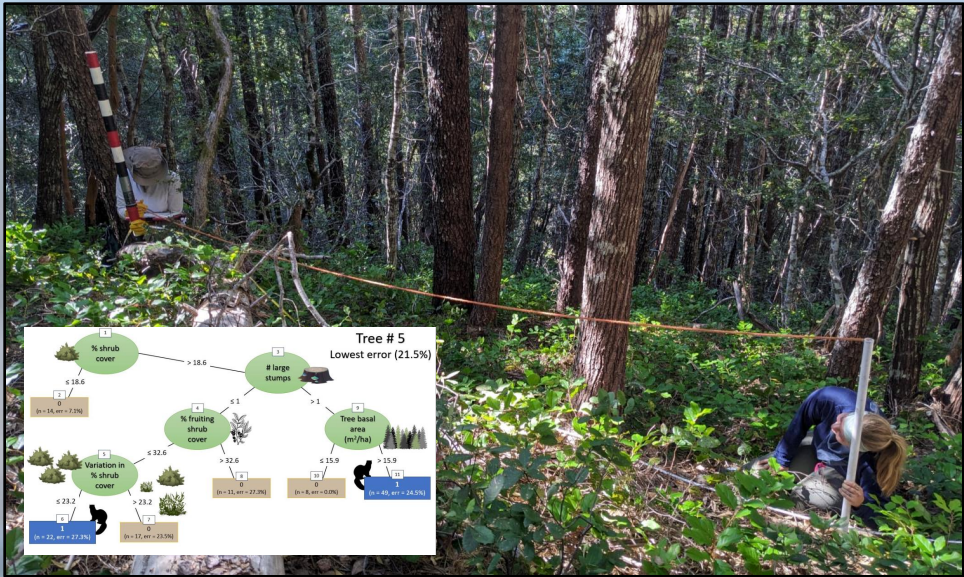


Walking

Bounding



Axis: — X — Y — Z — VeDBA smoothed (by 7 events)



Thank you!!!



**Effectiveness
Monitoring
Committee**

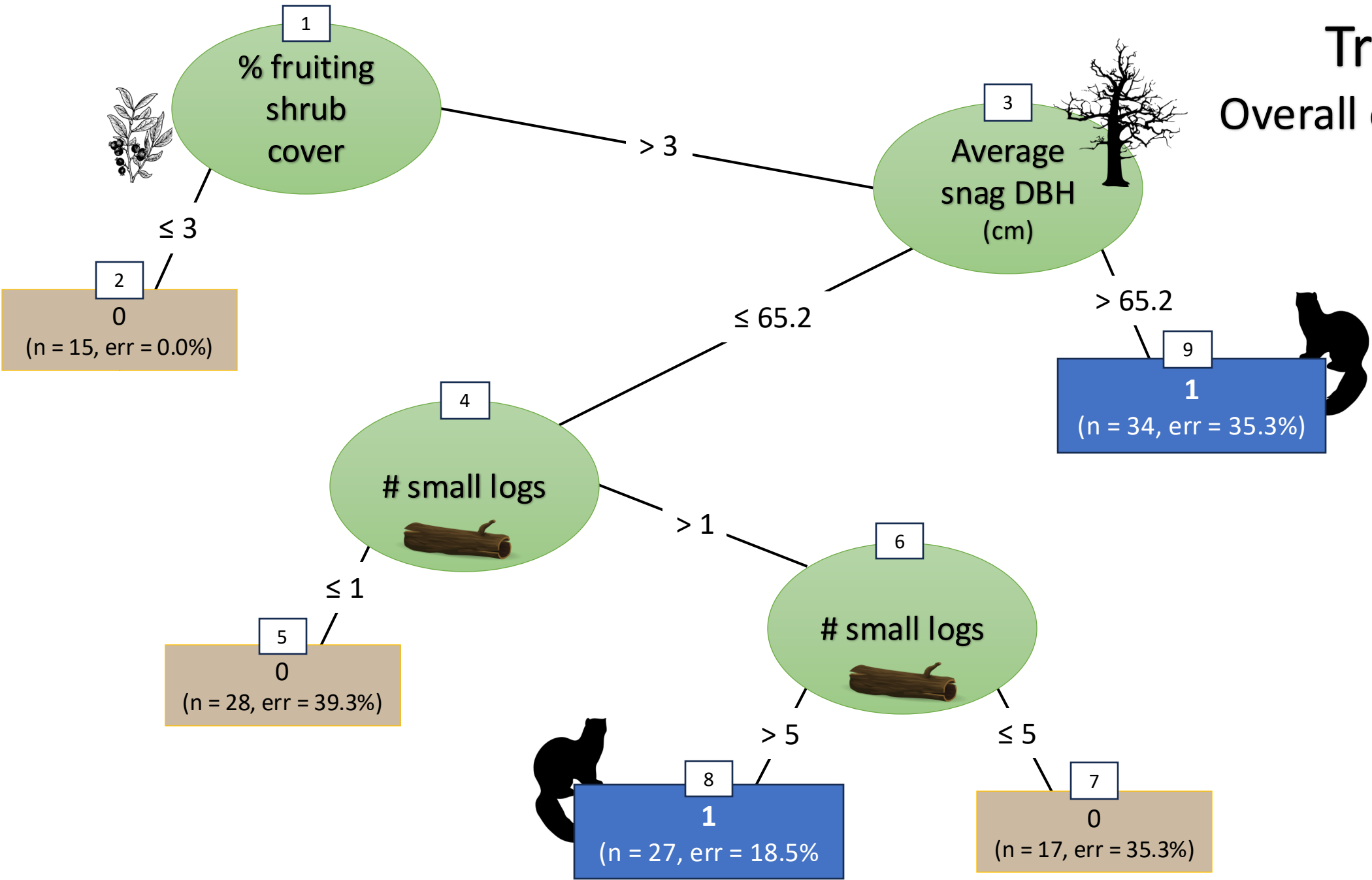


OSU
Oregon State
UNIVERSITY

 **GREEN DIAMOND
RESOURCE COMPANY**

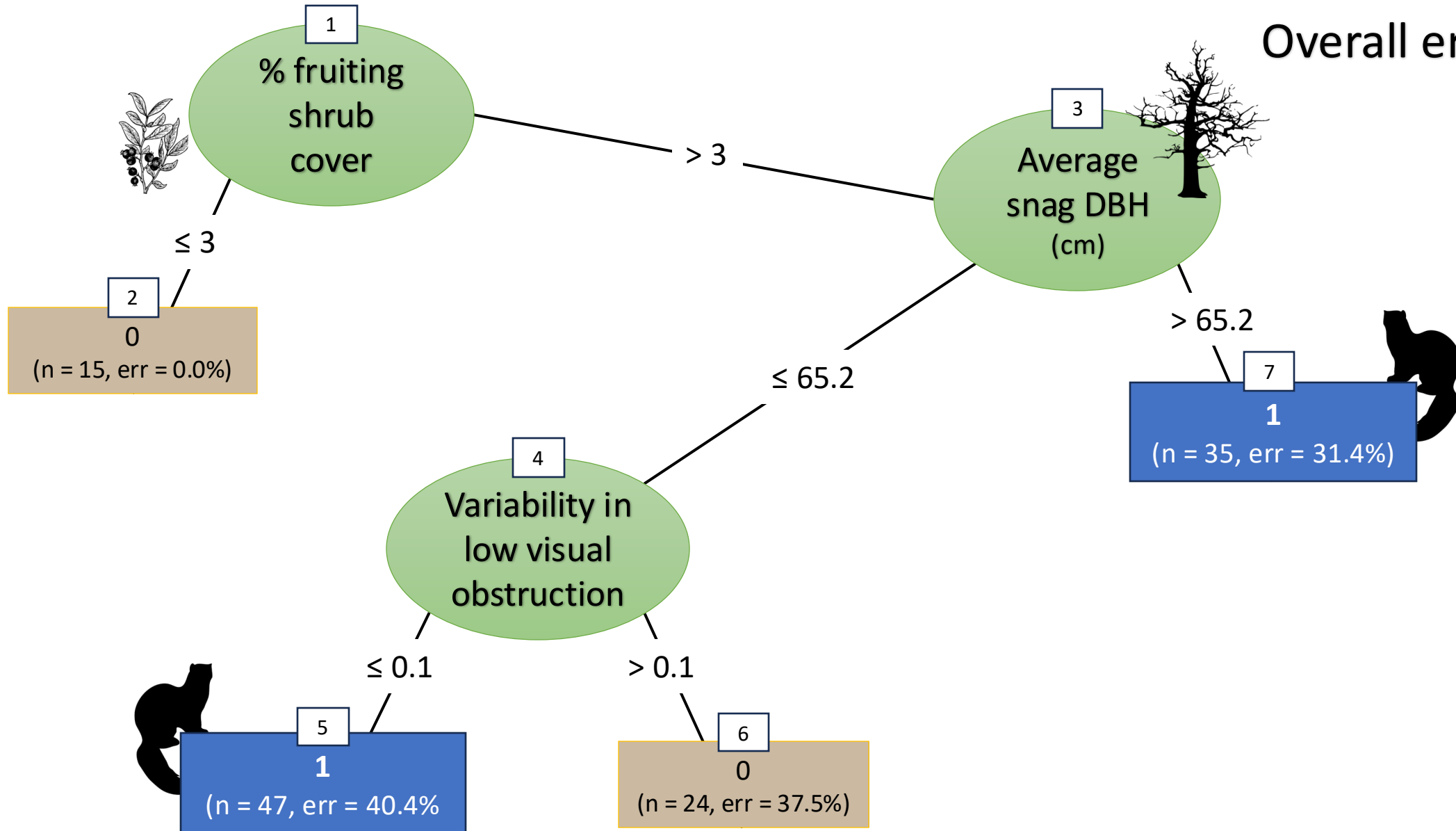
Tree # 1

Overall error (24.0%)



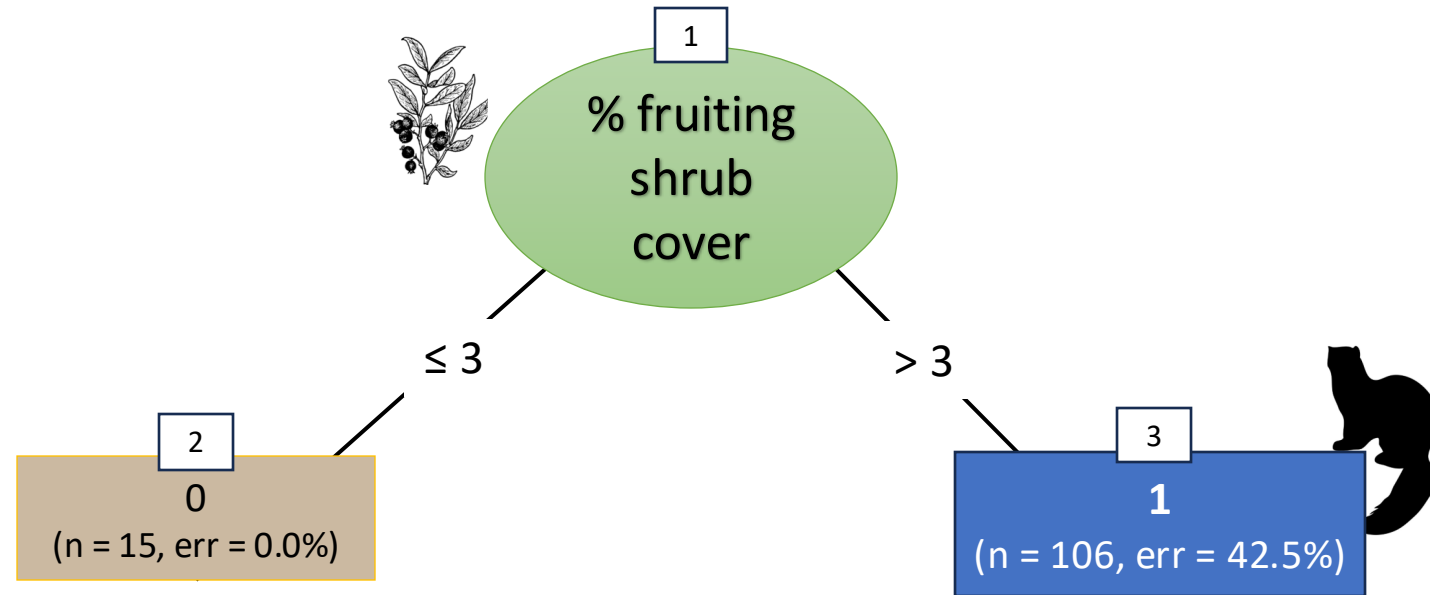
Tree # 2

Overall error (27.3%)



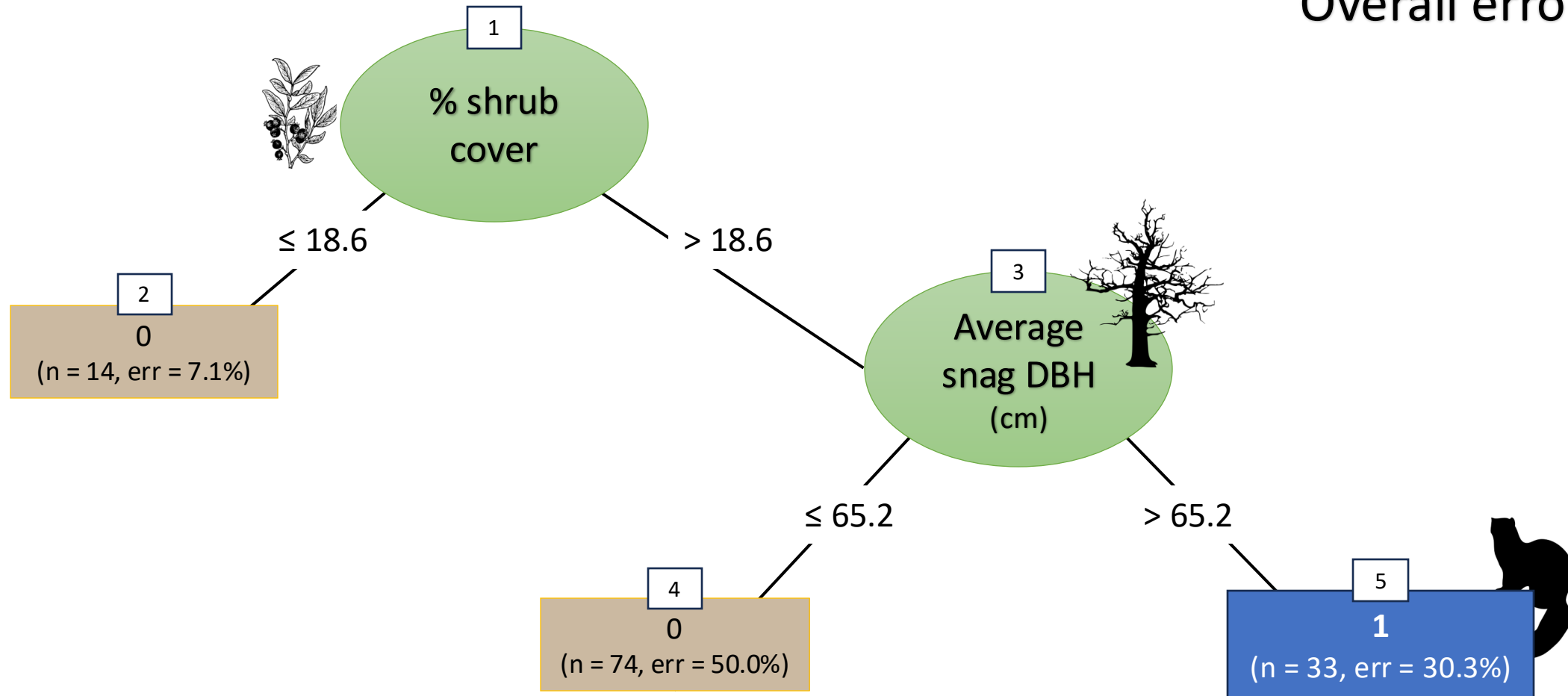
Tree # 3

Overall error (37.2%)



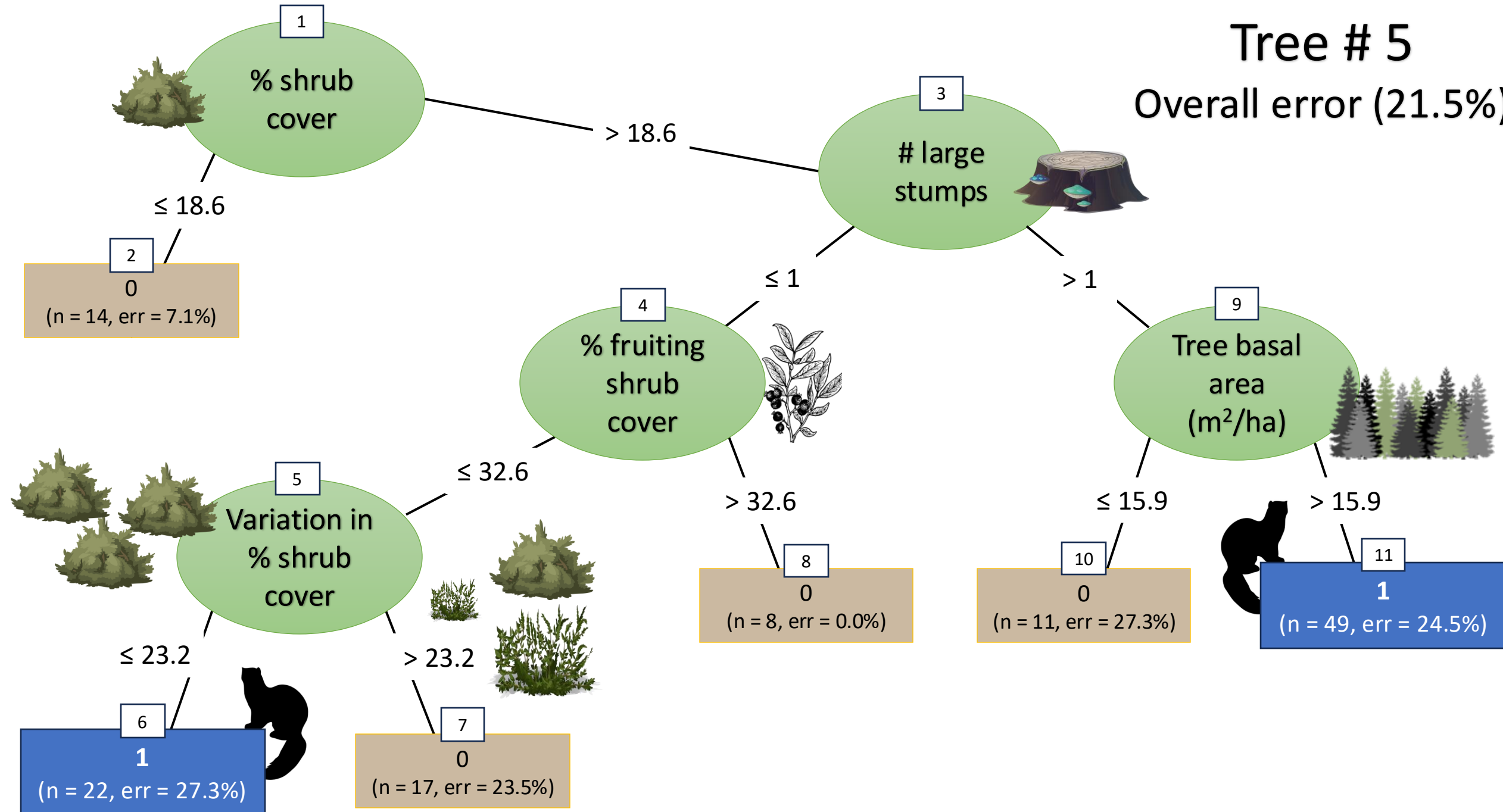
Tree # 4

Overall error (43.8%)



Tree # 5

Overall error (21.5%)



Tree # 6

Lowest error (25.6%)

